Transmissional lightmicroscope

If using this technique please note that Trypan Blue is a cytotoxic dye!

- 1. Pellet the cells with the appropriate conditions (e.g. 300g 10')
- 2. Discard the supernatant and resuspend the pellet in 10 ml medium.
- 3. Take 20µl into an Eppendorf tube and mix it with 180µl Trypan Blue.
- 4. Put 10 μ l in Bürker's chamber / glass slide and put cover glass.

5. At the microscope you can count the dead (blue) and the living (unstained) cells and calculate a ratio based on the count

Flow cytometer

1. Pellet the cells with the appropriate conditions (e.g. 300g 10')

2. Resuspend the pellet 10 ml AxBB

3. add 250 μ l of AxBB in FACS tubes and Add 50 μ l of cells and 1 μ l of Annexin V / 1 μ l of PI / 1 μ l 7AAD and leave an unstainted cell control as well

4. Measure the signal strenght in FACS and calculate the positive cells' ratio to the unstained sample